

## Can we use jets to probe QGP evolution?

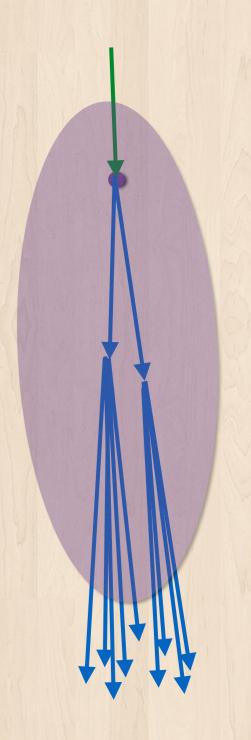
Yi Chen (Vanderbilt University)
QCD Challenges pp to AA 2024, Sep 3 2024

With a focus on challenges

#### Jets and QGP evolution

- What properties are we aiming to probe?
- Some potential questions
  - Can QGP resolve the shower?
  - How does energy dissipate in QGP?
    - Wake effect?
  - Molière scattering?
  - Color charge dependence?
  - Space-time picture of parton shower?

• . . .



#### Approaches

- Roughly a few (overlapping) categories
  - Use specialized observables to isolate specific QGP effects
  - Time-inspired substructure observables
  - Go through time-averaged quantities and extract information
- For today aim to provide some starting points for discussion. Many things are open-ended

### Hunting for specific QGP effects

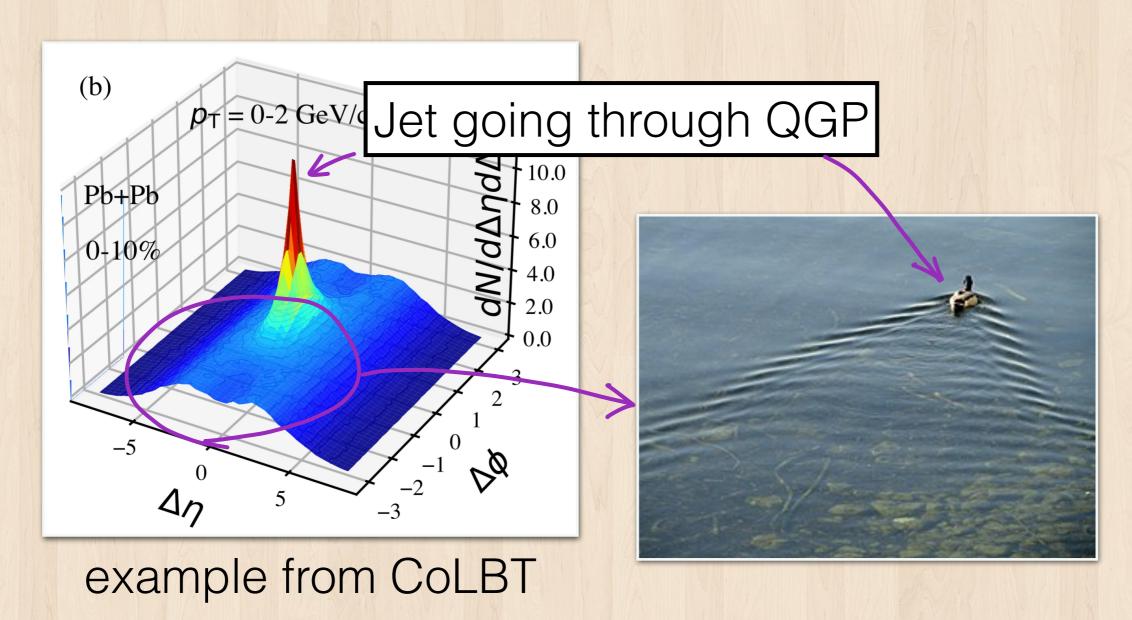
#### QGP effects people look for

- There are many things people try to search for
  - Color (de)coherence? (Groomed angle, EEC, Lund plane-inspired observables, ...)
  - Molière scattering/acoplanarity/ $R_g$ ?
  - Things filling into the void of dead cone effect? (b/c-jet substructure)
  - Wake effect? (V-h correlation, jet-h in V events, ...)

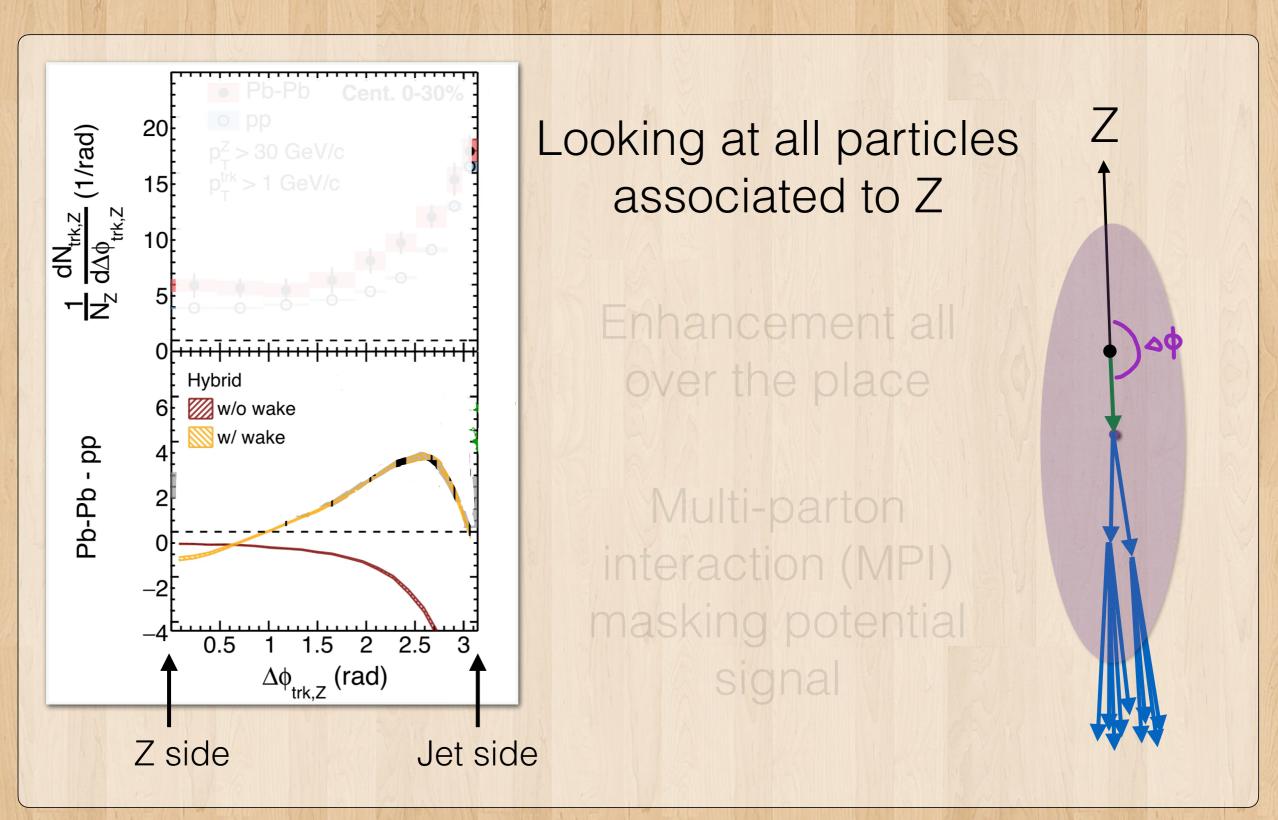
• . . .

#### (Z/jet)-hadron correlation

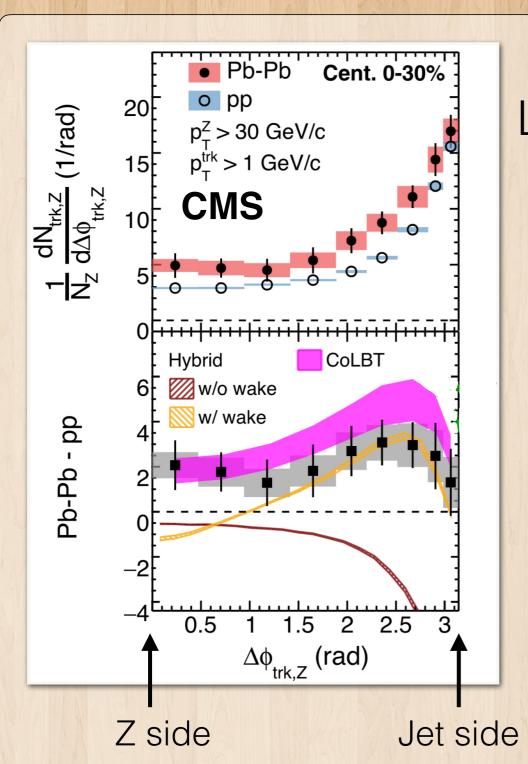
As an example: looking for diffusion wake



#### Z-hadron correlation



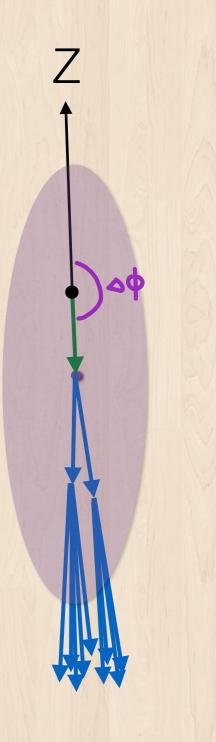
#### Z-hadron correlation



Looking at all particles associated to Z

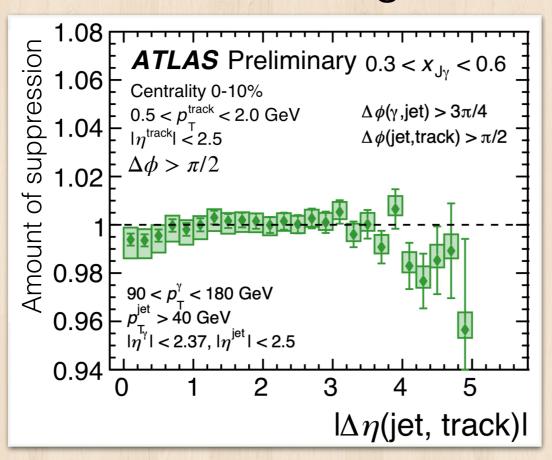
Enhancement all over the place

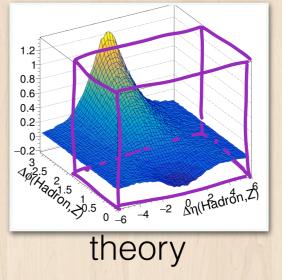
CoLBT: Multiparton interaction (MPI) masking potential signal

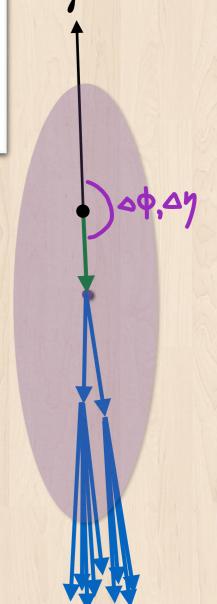


#### Can we see the depletion?

#### Imbalanced configuration







A bit of hint? Not significant for now

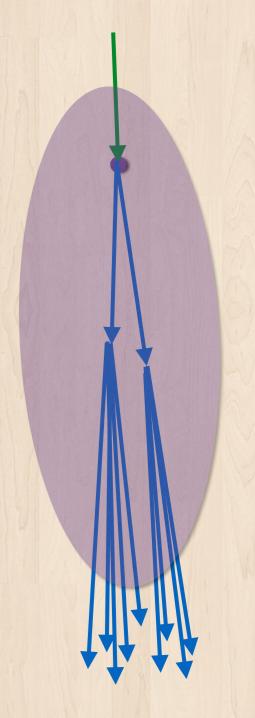
#### Challenges

- Things are not very significant for now
  - More clever way to design observables?
  - Wait for more data?
- Similarly for many other things we try to pin down
- What's the bigger picture? Suppose we see the wake and some of the other proposed things. How do we connect back to a unified picture of QGP?

### Time-inspired jet substructure

#### Jet substructure

- Many substructure observables proposed
- Look at particle distribution and attempt to reconstruct the parton shower history
- Shower history is arbitrary in vacuum
  - We pick an ordering variable and connect lines with that



#### Challenge: spacetime picture

- In HI, popular (often implicit) choice: angular ordering
- Then we can build arguments from there. Examples...
  - Formation time of shower splits
  - "Large angle splits happen early on"
- But spacetime picture now matters: QGP is hotter early on. Different shower history = different quenching effect
- Can we establish the splitting sequence experimentally?

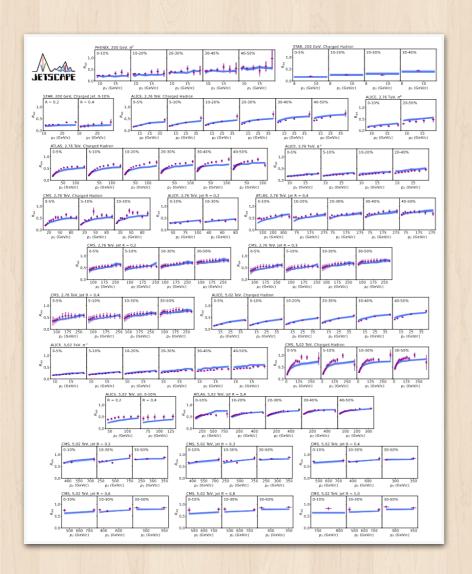
### Parameter extraction

#### (Time-)averaged quantities

- I mean the majority of existing measurements: RAA, fragmentation function, etc.
- Here the way to go would be performing data-theory/ model comparisons and dig out information from there
- Example: global analysis (but not limited to)

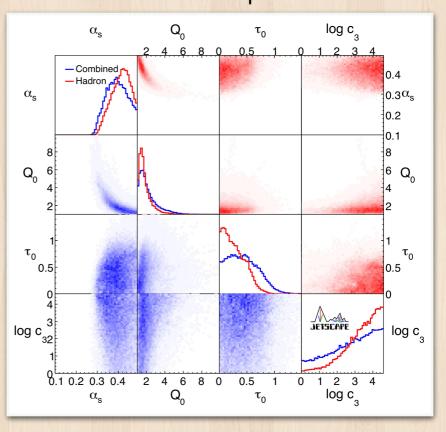


#### One example: hadron/jet RAA





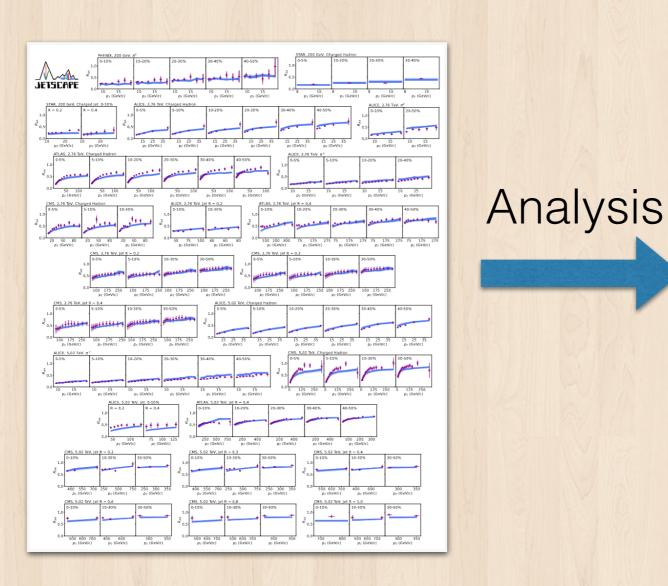
Each point = one QGP evolution profile

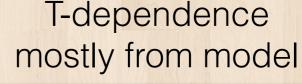


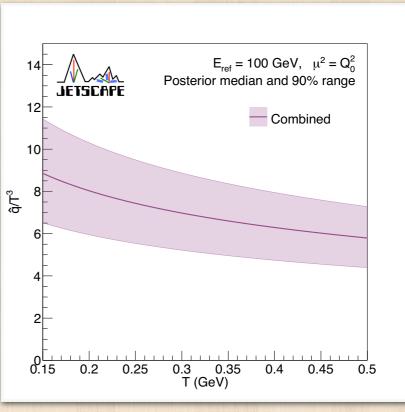
Compare model parameter space with different QGP properties and see which one fits the best

arXiv: 2408.08247

#### One example: hadron/jet RAA



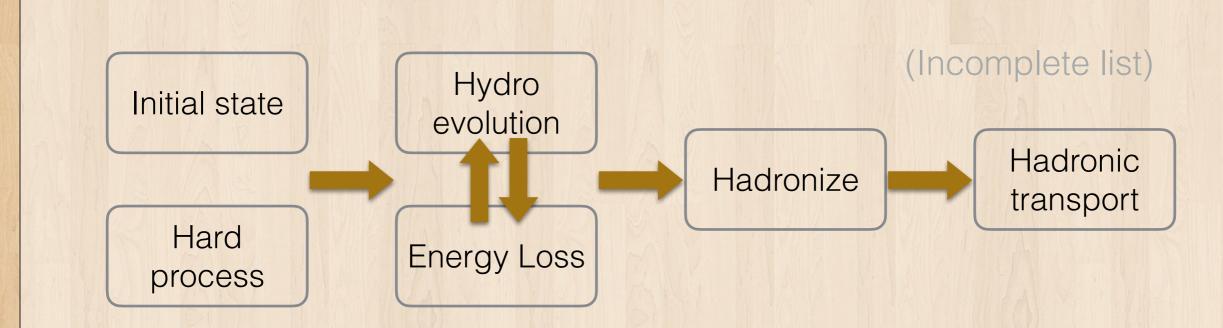




Compare model parameter space with different QGP properties and see which one fits the best

arXiv: 2408.08247

#### Challenges



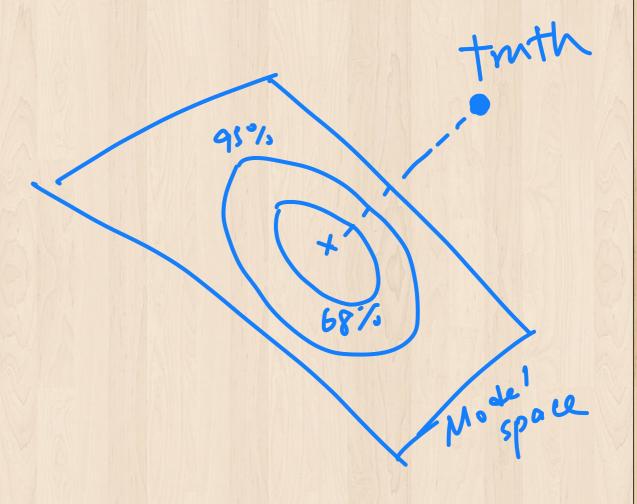
- It's difficult to model the whole heavy-ion collision well, there are a lot of assumptions and parameters
  - Within and at the interface between blocks
  - Computational challenge: ~5M CPU-hour for the analysis in previous page

#### Challenges

We measure the shadow of the truth

Hard to say conclusively how far we are (c.f. LO/NLO/...)

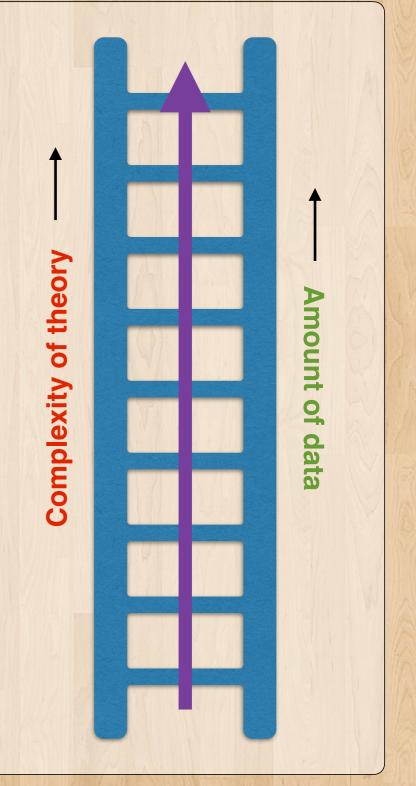
Improvement to model/theory crucial



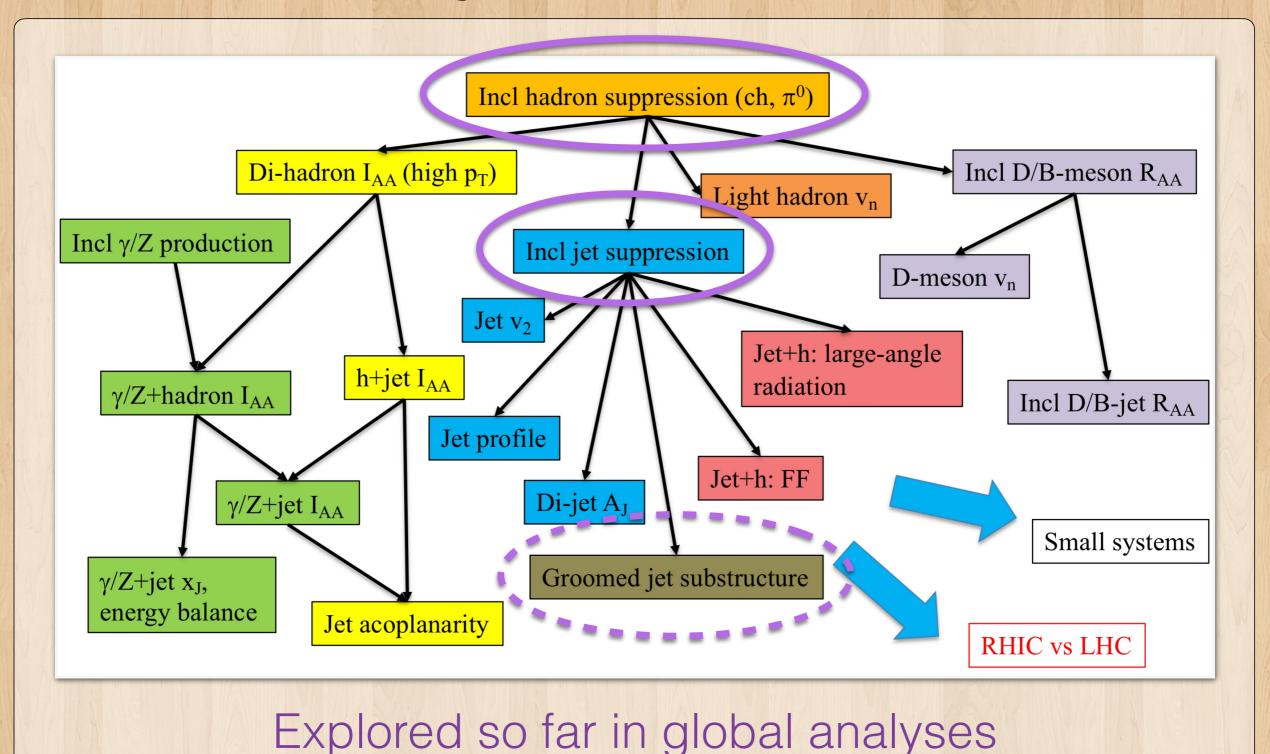
Additional challenge: experimental uncertainties

#### Where do we go from here?

- Even though a lot of available measurements used, this is a small subset
  - Systematically include more types of data
  - Together with improvements on the theory/model side as well
- Lots of interesting things to explore



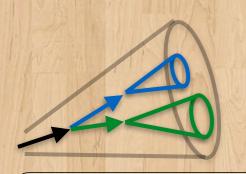
#### Many extensions



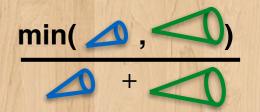
### Side note: understanding the reference

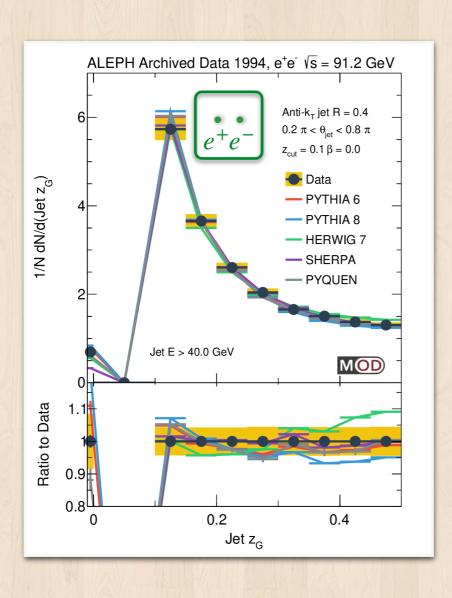
#### Understanding the reference

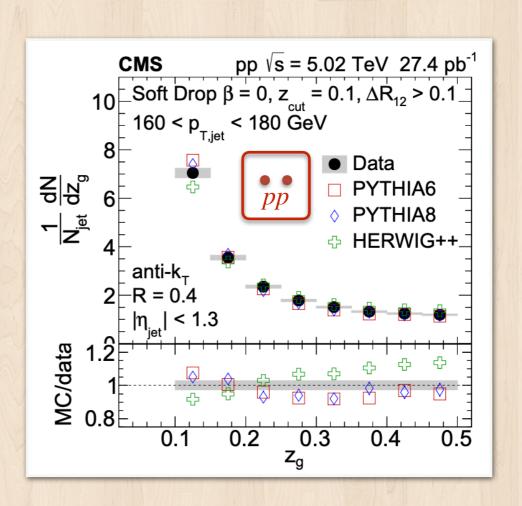
- Typically pp reference is used in HI measurements
- pp itself comes with complications with hadronic initial state
- The better we can understand vacuum evolution the better we can probe QGP
- Going to different systems and make sure we understand things, e.g.  $e^+e^-$



#### Groomed ZG

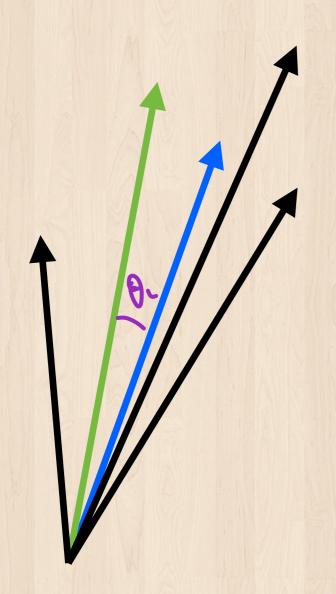


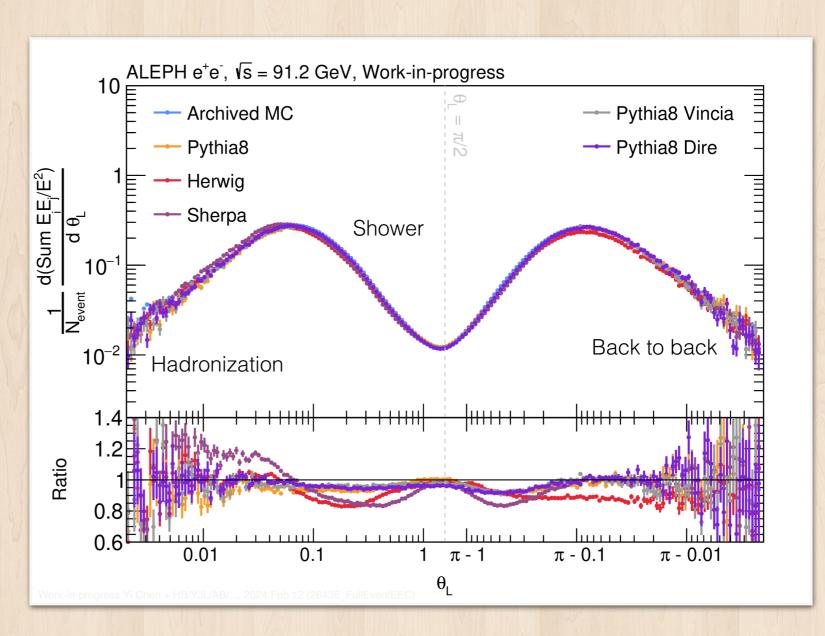




Similar behavior in  $e^+e^-$  and pp

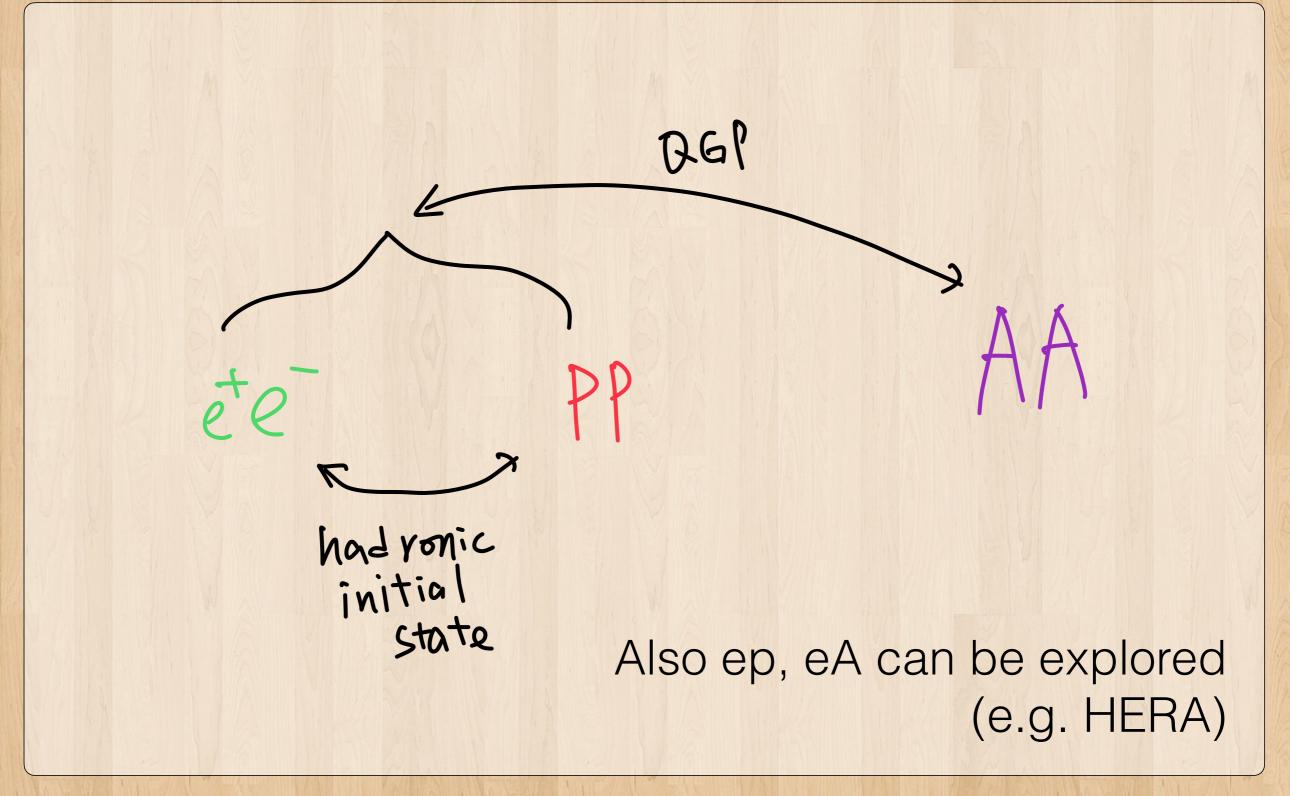
### EEC in $e^+e^-(\rightarrow Z \rightarrow jj)$





Room for improvement for models in  $e^+e^-$ 

#### Separating effects



#### Notes

- Old data not easy to dig out. It took a full year to reach baseline understanding of event selection for ALEPH data
  - For  $e^+e^-$ , we have ALEPH but not others (yet?)
- Amount of statistics not that great hard to go very differential
- Limited kinematic range

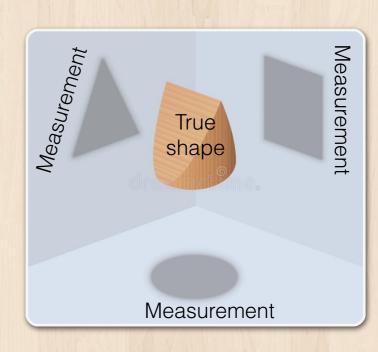
# Can we use jets to probe QGP evolution?

#### Additional challenges not mentioned

- Pushing into the realm of medium response
  - This includes many things for example push to lower and lower momentum + larger radii
  - Looser jet grooming settings
- Will we need to include background scheme into jet definition? When?
  - At the moment clustering algorithm is part of definition but background scheme is not
  - UE (e.g. from MPI) is part of pp jet typically. Is it part of HI jet?
- For this workshop I assume the first item will be solved by experiment colleagues

#### Jets for QGP evolution?

- Yes. The question is how well we can probe things
- Different challenges for different approaches
  - Modeling of the full QGP evolution
  - Jet spacetime picture
  - Observable design
  - . . .
- There is a lot to do!



### Backup Slides Ahead

