## 11th International Conference on Hard and Electromagnetic Probes of High-Energy Nuclear Collisions



Beitrag ID: 160 Typ: Talk

## Measurements of $D^0$ mesons production and collective flow with CMS at 5.02 TeV

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The interaction of heavy quarks with the quark-gluon plasma (QGP) affects their azimuthal distribution and  $p_{\rm T}$  spectrum, hence measurement of azimuthal anisotropy coefficients  $(v_n)$  and nuclear modification factors  $(R_{\rm AA})$  of heavy flavor hadrons turns out to be an important probe of the QGP. However, simultaneous modeling of  $v_n$  and  $R_{\rm AA}$  is still challenging. This talk reports the first nonprompt  ${\rm D}^0$  measurements of the azimuthal anisotropy elliptic  $(v_2)$  and triangular  $(v_3)$  coefficients in large systems, using !PbPb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}}=5.02$  TeV, collected with the CMS apparatus. The measurements are performed as a function of transverse momentum, spanning 1–30 GeV /c, in three centrality classes, from central to midcentral collisions. Compared to the prompt  ${\rm D}^0$  results, the nonprompt  $D^0$   $v_2$  flow coefficients are systematically lower and show less dependence on  $p_{\rm T}$  and centrality. An indication of non-zero  $v_3$  coefficient of the nonprompt  ${\rm D}^0$  is observed. A wide pT range enables the study of various flow generation mechanisms, like diffusion at low  $p_{\rm T}$  and path-dependent parton energy loss at high  $p_{\rm T}$ . In addition, measurements of both prompt and nonprompt  $D^0$  mesons cross sections in PbPb and pp collisions, as well as  $R_{\rm AA}$ , will be shown. The results will be compared to theoretical predictions.

## **Experiment/Theory**

CMS

## **Affiliation**

CMS

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Sitzung Einordnung: Parallel: Heavy Flavours & Quarkonia

Track Klassifizierung: Heavy flavor and quarkonia